SAFETY DATA SHEET

K-Seal

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name K-Seal

Product number K5501, K5516

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Additive for engine cooling systems.

Uses advised againstNo specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier K-Seal International Ltd

Unit 1

Plumpton Green Studios

St Helena Lane

Lewes East Sussex BN7 3DQ UK

Tel: +44 (0) 1273 891162 Fax: +44 (0) 1273 890704 enquiries@kseal.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0) 1273 891162 (Monday - Friday 09:00 - 17:00h)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Eye Irrit. 2 - H319

Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word Warning

Hazard statements EUH208 Contains Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-

7] and 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic

reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

K-Seal

Precautionary statements P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Biocide Labelling Contains a preservative (CMIT/MIT (3:1)) to control microbial deterioration.

Supplementary precautionary

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

statements P391 Collect spillage.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

bis(D-Gluconato-O1,O2)zinc 1 - <5%

CAS number: 4468-02-4 EC number: 224-736-9

M factor (Acute) = 1 M factor (Chronic) = 1

Classification

Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated 1 - <2.5%

CAS number: 127087-87-0 EC number: 500-315-8

Classification

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

Copper (powder) 0.5 - <1%

M factor (Acute) = 1

Classification

Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

K-Seal

Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no.

220-239-6] (3:1)

Classification

Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H330 Skin Corr. 1C - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1A - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

personnel.

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and

keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained

<0.0014%

personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if

the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so

that vomit does not enter the lungs.

Skin contact It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. Remove contamination

with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing. In the event of any sensitisation symptoms developing,

ensure further exposure is avoided.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse immediately with plenty of

water. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth

resuscitation.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms

described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation Spray/mists may cause respiratory tract irritation. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations

may damage respiratory system.

Ingestion Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach.

K-Seal

Skin contact The product contains a small amount of sensitising substance. May cause sensitisation or

allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry

powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Harmful gases or vapours. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Do not empty into drains. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. For waste disposal, see Section 13. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Read

and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep

containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and

water pollution in the event of spillage.

Storage class Miscellaneous hazardous material storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Copper (powder)

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 0.2 mg/m³ fume as Cu

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment







Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Wear chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection

For users with sensitive skin, it is recommended that suitable protective gloves are worn. Wear protective gloves made of the following material: Rubber (natural, latex). Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Nitrile rubber. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

K-Seal

Other skin and body

protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.

Hygiene measures Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be

allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before

eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Respiratory protection If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Environmental exposure

controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

Colour Light brown.

Odour Mild.

Odour threshold Not available.

pH pH (concentrated solution): 5.9

Melting point Not available.

Initial boiling point and range Not available.

Flash point Not available.

Evaporation rate Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Not available.

Vapour pressure Not available.

Vapour density Not available.

Relative density 1.045 @ 21.1°C/70°F

Solubility(ies) ~92% Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition Temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not applicable.

Explosive properties Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Volatility ~80%

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity See the other subsections of this section for further details.

10.2. Chemical stability

K-Seal

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

No potentially hazardous reactions known.

reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time. Avoid freezing.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Alkalis. Alkaline earth metals. Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ 2.83 ml/kg, Oral, Rat Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Summary The product contains a small amount of sensitising substance. May cause skin sensitisation

or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity

Contains a substance which may be potentially carcinogenic. IARC Group 2B Possibly

carcinogenic to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

development

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

K-Seal

STOT - single exposureNot classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure
Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation Spray/mists may cause respiratory tract irritation. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations

may damage respiratory system.

Ingestion Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach.

Skin contact May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs No specific target organs known.

Medical considerations Skin disorders and allergies.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

bis(D-Gluconato-O1,O2)zinc

Toxicological effects Not regarded as a health hazard under current legislation.

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Irritating

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Copper (powder)

Toxicological effects Not regarded as a health hazard under current legislation.

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅o) LD₅o >2500 mg/kg, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅o) LD₅o >5.11 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5 g, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedema

score: No oedema (0). REACH dossier information.

Skin sensitisation

K-Seal

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier

information.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroGene mutation: Negative. REACH dossier information.

Genotoxicity - in vivo DNA damage and/or repair: Negative. REACH dossier information.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

Two-generation study - NOAEL 1000 ppm, Oral, Rat P REACH dossier information.

fertility

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not relevant.

Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

64.0

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Toxic if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 64.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 87.12

mg/kg)

Species Rat

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Toxic in contact with skin.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 87.12

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC₅₀ dust/mist mg/l)

0.171

Species Rat

Notes (inhalation LC50) Fatal if inhaled.

ATE inhalation 0.171

(dusts/mists mg/l)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5 mL, 4 hours, Rabbit Corrosive to skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Dose: 0.1 mL, 7 days, Rabbit Causes serious eye damage.

damage/irritation

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Local Lymph Node Assay (LLNA) - Mouse: Sensitising.

K-Seal

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity NOEL 300 ppm, Oral, Rat

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Two-generation study - NOAEL 30 ppm, Oral, Rat P

Reproductive toxicity - Maternal toxicity: - LOAEL: 28 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat

development Embryotoxicity:, Teratogenicity: - NOAEL: >= 19.6 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 16.3 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat

NOAEL 0.34 mg/m3, Inhalation, Rat

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ecological information on ingredients.

bis(D-Gluconato-O1,O2)zinc

Toxicity Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long

lasting effects.

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ $0.1 < L(E)C50 \le 1$

M factor (Acute) 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity

M factor (Chronic) 1

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated

Toxicity Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Copper (powder)

Toxicity Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 Very toxic to aquatic life with long

lasting effects.

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ $0.1 < L(E)C50 \le 1$

M factor (Acute) 1

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 0.2 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅o, 48 hours: 0.529 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Short term toxicity -NOEC, 45 days: 11.4 µg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) embryo and sac fry stages

Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

Toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)50 $0.001 < L(E)C50 \le 0.01$

M factor (Acute) 100

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 0.19 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 48 hours: 0.16 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC₅₀, 72 hours: 6.3 μg/l, Skeletonema costatum

Acute toxicity -

microorganisms

EC₅₀, 3 hours: 4.5 mg/l, Activated sludge

Chronic aquatic toxicity

NOEC 0.0001 < NOEC ≤ 0.001

Degradability Non-rapidly degradable

M factor (Chronic) 100

Chronic toxicity - fish early NOEC, 35 days: >= 46.4 µg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish)

life stage

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

NOEC, 21 days: 0.1 mg/l, Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

bis(D-Gluconato-O1,O2)zinc

Persistence and degradability

The degradability of the product is not known.

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated

Persistence and degradability

The degradability of the product is not known.

Copper (powder)

Persistence and degradability

The product contains inorganic substances which are not biodegradable.

Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

K-Seal

Biodegradation Water - Degradation 62%: 29 days

Readily biodegradable but failing the 10-day window.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

bis(D-Gluconato-O1,O2)zinc

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Copper (powder)

Bioaccumulative potential Not relevant.

Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one

[EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: 41 - 54, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)

Partition coefficient Pow: 0.326, 2.519

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product is water-soluble and may spread in water systems.

Ecological information on ingredients.

bis(D-Gluconato-O1,O2)zinc

Mobility No data available.

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated

Mobility No data available.

Copper (powder)

Mobility The product is insoluble in water.

Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

73 mN/m @ 19.5°C Surface tension

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

bis(D-Gluconato-O1,O2)zinc

K-Seal

Results of PBT and vPvB No data available. **assessment**

4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated

Results of PBT and vPvB

No data available.

assessment

Copper (powder)

Results of PBT and vPvB

Substance is inorganic. Not relevant.

assessment

Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle

products wherever possible. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners

may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methodsDispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal

contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents.

Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 3082

UN No. (IMDG) 3082

UN No. (ICAO) 3082

UN No. (ADN) 3082

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS bis(D-

(ADR/RID) Gluconato-O1,O2)zinc, Copper (powder))

Proper shipping name (IMDG) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS bis(D-

Gluconato-O1,O2)zinc, Copper (powder))

Proper shipping name (ICAO) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS bis(D-

Gluconato-O1,O2)zinc, Copper (powder))

Proper shipping name (ADN) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS bis(D-

Gluconato-O1,O2)zinc, Copper (powder))

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 9

ADR/RID classification code M6

ADR/RID label 9

IMDG class 9

ICAO class/division 9

ADN class 9

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group III

IMDG packing group III

ICAO packing group

ADN packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-A, S-F

ADR transport category 3

Hazard Identification Number 90

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (-)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.

EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

Eye Irrit. 2 - H319: EUH208: : Calculation method. Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411: : Calculation

method.

Training advice Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations.

Revised formulation. Revised classification. Revision comments

Revision date 02/09/2019

Revision

04/08/2017 Supersedes date

SDS number 8846

Hazard statements in full H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H310 Fatal in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH208 Contains Reaction mass of: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-

7] and 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic

reaction.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.